

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN
DISTRICT
Douglas County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
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YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Stone Creek Metropolitan District
Douglas County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Stone Creek Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Stone Creek Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the fee revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Wipfli LLP
Lakewood, Colorado

July 29, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 61,266
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,356,365
Prepaid Expenses	400
Receivable - County Treasurer	35
Property Taxes Receivable	348,344
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	
Construction in Progress	15,702,723
Total Assets	17,469,133
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	32,108
Accrued Interest Payable	215,754
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	19,488,716
Total Liabilities	19,736,578
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	348,344
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	348,344
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	100
Unrestricted	(2,615,889)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,615,789)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

		Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 165,851	\$ 77,664	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (88,187)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	1,344,377	-	-	-	(1,344,377)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,510,228	\$ 77,664	\$ -	\$ -	(1,432,564)
 GENERAL REVENUES					
					3,857
					387
					31,840
					36,084
 CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(1,396,480)
					(1,219,309)
 NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$ (2,615,789)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	General	Fee Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,355	\$ 59,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,266
Cash and Investments - Restricted	100	-	1,355,728	537	1,356,365
Due From Other Funds	2,427	-	-	-	2,427
Prepaid Expenses	400	-	-	-	400
Receivable - County Treasurer	6	-	29	-	35
Property Taxes Receivable	58,054	-	290,290	-	348,344
Total Assets	\$ 62,342	\$ 59,911	\$ 1,646,047	\$ 537	\$ 1,768,837
 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 16,205	\$ 1,699	\$ -	\$ 14,204	\$ 32,108
Due To Other Funds	-	-	2,427	-	2,427
Total Liabilities	16,205	1,699	2,427	14,204	34,535
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Tax Revenue	58,054	-	290,290	-	348,344
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	58,054	-	290,290	-	348,344
 FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Expenses	400	-	-	-	400
Restricted:					
Emergency Reserves	100	-	-	-	100
Debt Service	-	-	1,353,330	-	1,353,330
Committed:					
Operations and Maintenance	-	58,212	-	-	58,212
Unassigned	(12,417)	-	-	(13,667)	(26,084)
Total Fund Balances	(11,917)	58,212	1,353,330	(13,667)	1,385,958
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 62,342	\$ 59,911	\$ 1,646,047	\$ 537	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated

15,702,723

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Bonds Payable

(9,470,000)

Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable

(215,754)

Developer Advances Payable

(9,235,175)

Accrued Interest on Developer Advances

(783,541)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (2,615,789)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	General	Fee Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 643	\$ -	\$ 3,214	\$ -	\$ 3,857
Specific Ownership Taxes	64	-	323	-	387
Net Investment Income	14	-	31,822	4	31,840
District Fees	-	77,664	-	-	77,664
Total Revenues	721	77,664	35,359	4	113,748
EXPENDITURES					
General, Administrative, Operations and Maintenance					
Accounting	31,150	1,234	-	-	32,384
Audit	4,250	-	-	-	4,250
County Treasurer Fee	10	-	49	-	59
District Management	16,930	-	-	-	16,930
Dues	465	-	-	-	465
Insurance	5,065	-	-	-	5,065
Legal	37,395	11,450	-	1,192	50,037
Miscellaneous	694	-	-	-	694
Construction Oversight/ Administration	-	-	-	49,248	49,248
Community Management	-	6,768	-	-	6,768
Debt Service					
Paying Agent Fee	-	-	6,000	-	6,000
Bond Interest	-	-	465,469	-	465,469
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	1,621,698	1,621,698
Total Expenditures	95,959	19,452	471,518	1,672,138	2,259,067
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(95,238)	58,212	(436,159)	(1,672,134)	(2,145,319)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Developer Advances	98,478	-	-	42,517	140,995
Developer Advances - Certified Costs	-	-	-	1,621,698	1,621,698
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	98,478	-	-	1,664,215	1,762,693
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	3,240	58,212	(436,159)	(7,919)	(382,626)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(15,157)	-	1,789,489	(5,748)	1,768,584
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ (11,917)</u>	<u>\$ 58,212</u>	<u>\$ 1,353,330</u>	<u>\$ (13,667)</u>	<u>\$ 1,385,958</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ (382,626)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation/amortization expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay 1,621,698

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Developer Advances (1,762,693)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Developer Advances - Change in Liability	(695,894)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	<u>(176,965)</u>	<u>(872,859)</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (1,396,480)

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 643	\$ 643	\$ -
Specific Ownership Taxes	64	64	-
Net Investment Income	-	14	14
Total Revenues	<u>707</u>	<u>721</u>	<u>14</u>
EXPENDITURES			
General and Administration			
Accounting	35,000	31,150	3,850
Audit	10,000	4,250	5,750
County Treasurer Fee	10	10	-
District Management	22,000	16,930	5,070
Dues	600	465	135
Insurance	4,500	5,065	(565)
Legal	44,000	37,395	6,605
Miscellaneous	500	694	(194)
Contingency	4,817	-	4,817
Total Expenditures	<u>121,427</u>	<u>95,959</u>	<u>25,468</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(120,720)	(95,238)	25,482
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advances	120,720	98,478	(22,242)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>120,720</u>	<u>98,478</u>	<u>(22,242)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	3,240	3,240
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>100</u>	<u>(15,157)</u>	<u>(15,057)</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 100</u>	<u>\$ (11,917)</u>	<u>\$ (11,817)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
FEE REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
District Fees	\$ 103,100	\$ 77,664	\$ (25,436)
Administrative Fee	7,200	-	(7,200)
Total Revenues	<u>110,300</u>	<u>77,664</u>	<u>(32,636)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Operations and Maintenance			
Accounting	-	1,234	(1,234)
Administrative Expenses	5,000	-	5,000
Cluster Boxes	1,500	-	1,500
Community Management	12,000	6,768	5,232
Gas/Electricity	1,000	-	1,000
Irrigation Repairs	5,000	-	5,000
Legal	-	11,450	(11,450)
Lighting	1,000	-	1,000
Monuments	2,500	-	2,500
Prairie Dog Mitigation	5,000	-	5,000
Shared Amenity Fee	432	-	432
Snow Removal	7,000	-	7,000
Trash Removal	12,924	-	12,924
Water	7,000	-	7,000
Clubhouse Facility			
Cleaning Contract	5,000	-	5,000
Cleaning Supplies	2,500	-	2,500
Clubhouse Repairs	1,000	-	1,000
Fitness Equipment Lease	12,000	-	12,000
Gas/Electricity	2,000	-	2,000
Insurance	5,000	-	5,000
Legal	1,000	-	1,000
Lighting Maintenance	5,000	-	5,000
Phone/IT	2,000	-	2,000
Snow Removal	2,500	-	2,500
Trash Removal	1,000	-	1,000
Water and Sewer	5,000	-	5,000
Total Expenditures	<u>104,356</u>	<u>19,452</u>	<u>84,904</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	5,944	58,212	52,268
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 5,944</u>	<u>\$ 58,212</u>	<u>\$ 52,268</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Stone Creek Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for Douglas County, Colorado granted on November 25, 2014, and recorded on December 15, 2014, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes).

The District was organized to provide financing for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation, redevelopment, financing and ongoing operations of essential public-purpose facilities such as water, sanitation, streets, safety protection, parks and recreation, mosquito control, covenant enforcement and design review and security. The District will serve the public improvement needs of Stone Creek Ranch which is generally located at Scott Road and State Highway 83 (Parker Road) in Douglas County, Colorado. Under the Service Plan, the District will provide essential public improvements and services for a new residential community located entirely within Douglas County. The property in the District is anticipated to be developed consistent with the terms, requirements, and provisions of a Development Agreement.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fee Revenue Fund is used to account for the fees to be collected from lots and/or home owners in the District to be used for operations and maintenance and clubhouse facility expenses.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Deficits

The General Fund and Capital Projects Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2019. It is anticipated that the deficit will be eliminated with the receipt of funds advanced by the Developer in 2020.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 61,266
Cash and Investments - Restricted	<u>1,356,365</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 1,417,631</u></u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 61,751
Investments	<u>1,355,880</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 1,417,631</u></u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$61,751.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2019, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted Average Under 60 Days	\$ 1,355,880

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in the Districts' capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

	Balance - December 31, 2018	Additions	Reductions/ Reclassifications	Balance - December 31, 2019
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ 14,081,025	\$ 1,621,698	\$ -	\$ 15,702,723
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 14,081,025</u>	<u>\$ 1,621,698</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,702,723</u>

Upon completion and acceptance, certain capital assets will be conveyed by the District to other local governments. The District will not be responsible for the maintenance of those assets. Upon acceptance of the improvements by other local governments, the District will remove the cost of construction from its capital assets.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	Balance - December 31, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance - December 31, 2019	Due Within One Year
2018A Senior Bonds	\$ 8,275,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,275,000	\$ -
2018B Subordinate Bonds	1,195,000	-	-	1,195,000	-
Developer Advances	7,472,482	1,762,693	-	9,235,175	-
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances	87,647	695,894	-	783,541	-
Total	<u>\$ 17,030,129</u>	<u>\$ 2,458,587</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,488,716</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding are as follows:

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018A (the 2018A Senior Bonds) and **Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2018B** (the 2018B Subordinate Bonds, and together with the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Bonds)

Bond Details

The District issued the Bonds on March 6, 2018, in the amounts of \$8,275,000 for the 2018A Senior Bonds and \$1,195,000 for the 2018B Subordinate Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were applied to fund and reimburse a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing and installing certain public improvements and to pay other costs in connection with the Bonds. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the 2018A Senior Bonds were applied to fund: (a) the Senior Reserve Fund; (b) capitalized interest on the 2018A Senior Bonds; and (c) an initial deposit to the Senior Surplus Fund.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 5 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Bond Details (Continued)

The 2018A Senior Bonds bear interest at 5.625%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2018. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2022. The 2018A Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2047. To the extent the principal of any 2018A Senior Bond is not paid when due, such principal will remain outstanding and continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the 2018A Senior Bonds. To the extent interest is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the 2018A Senior Bonds.

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds bear interest at 7.875% and mature on December 15, 2047. The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that no regularly scheduled principal payments are due prior to the maturity date and interest payments not paid when due will accrue and compound until sufficient Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available for payment. Principal and interest payments are due on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds on each December 15 only to the extent Subordinate Pledged Revenue is available. To the extent principal of any 2018B Subordinate Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until the Termination Date of December 16, 2057, and shall continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the 2018B Subordinate Bonds. To the extent interest is not paid when due, such interest shall compound annually on December 15. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the 2018B Subordinate Bonds. The 2018B Subordinate Bonds and interest thereon are to be deemed to be paid and discharged on the Termination Date regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid prior to the Termination Date.

Optional Redemption

The 2018A Senior Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2023, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 1, 2023, to November 30, 2024	3.00%
December 1, 2024, to November 30, 2025	2.00
December 1, 2025, to November 30, 2026	1.00
December 1, 2026, and thereafter	0.00

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 5 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Optional Redemption (Continued)

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 15, 2023, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 15, 2023, to December 14, 2024	3.00%
December 15, 2024, to December 14, 2025	2.00
December 15, 2025, to December 14, 2026	1.00
December 15, 2026, and thereafter	0.00

Pledged Revenue

The 2018A Senior Bonds are payable solely from and to the extent of Senior Pledged Revenue defined in the 2018A Senior Indenture as moneys derived from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (ii) all Capital Fees, if any; (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; and (iv) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue. The 2018A Senior Bonds are additionally secured by amounts on deposit in the Senior Reserve Fund, by amounts on deposit in the Senior Surplus Fund which was partially funded with proceeds of the 2018A Senior Bonds, and by capitalized interest which was funded with proceeds of the 2018A Senior Bonds.

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are payable solely from and to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue defined in the 2018B Subordinate Indenture as monies derived from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (ii) the Subordinate Capital Fee Revenue, if any; (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; and (iv) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

Senior Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the 2018A Senior Bonds Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Senior Required Mill Levy each year in an amount sufficient to fund the Senior Bond Fund and pay the 2018A Senior Bonds as they come due, and if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 50 mills (subject to adjustment described below), and (ii) for so long as the Senior Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 50 mills (subject to adjustment), or such lesser mill levy which will fund the Senior Bond Fund and pay the 2018A Senior Bonds as they come due, will replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, and will fund the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 5 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Senior Required Mill Levy (Continued)

In the event the method of calculating assessed valuation is changed after September 23, 2014, the minimum and maximum mill levies shall be increased or decreased to reflect such changes, such increases or decreases to be determined by the Board in good faith (such determination to be binding and final) so that to the extent possible, the actual tax revenues generated by the mill levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of such changes. For purposes of the foregoing, a change in the ratio of actual valuation shall be deemed to be a change in the method of calculating assessed valuation. As of the date of issuance of the Bonds, the maximum and minimum mill levies have adjusted upward to 55.664 mills.

Pursuant to the 2018B Subordinate Bonds Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy in the amount of (i) 50 mills (subject to adjustment) less the Senior Bond Mill Levy, or (ii) such lesser mill levy which, after deduction of the Senior Bond Mill Levy, will fund the Subordinate Bond Fund in an amount sufficient to pay all of the principal of and interest on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds in full. The Subordinate Required Mill Levy will equal zero at any time that: (i) the payment of the 2018A Senior Bonds (and any other Senior Parity Bonds) requires the imposition of at least 50 mills, as adjusted; and (ii) at any time that there is on deposit in the Senior Surplus Fund less than the Maximum Surplus Amount.

Senior Reserve Fund

Amounts in the Senior Reserve Fund shall be used by the Trustee, if necessary, only to prevent a default in the payment of the principal of, premium if any, or interest on the 2018A Senior Bonds. Moneys in the Senior Surplus Fund shall be used for payment of the 2018A Senior Bonds prior to any use of the Senior Reserve Fund. If at any time the Senior Reserve Fund is drawn upon or valued so that the amount of the Senior Reserve Fund is less than the amount of the Required Reserve of \$350,000, the Trustee shall apply Senior Pledged Revenue to the Senior Reserve Fund to replenish the balance in the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve.

Senior Surplus Fund

The Senior Surplus Fund was partially funded in the amount of \$350,000 from proceeds of the 2018A Senior Bonds. In addition, Senior Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the 2018A Senior Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Senior Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$1,241,250. The Senior Surplus Fund is to be maintained as long as any 2018A Senior Bonds remain outstanding. When no 2018A Senior Bonds are outstanding, any moneys in the Senior Surplus Fund are required to be remitted to the District for application to any lawful purpose of the District. The balance in the Senior Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2019, was \$361,761.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 5 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

2018A Senior Bonds Debt Service

The outstanding principal and interest of the 2018A Senior Bonds are due as follows:

<u>For Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ -	\$ 465,469	\$ 465,469
2021	-	465,469	465,469
2022	10,000	465,469	475,469
2023	95,000	464,906	559,906
2024	110,000	459,563	569,563
2025-2029	720,000	2,193,470	2,913,470
2030-2034	1,130,000	1,947,094	3,077,094
2035-2039	1,655,000	1,574,439	3,229,439
2040-2044	2,360,000	1,033,876	3,393,876
2045-2047	2,195,000	271,406	2,466,406
Total	<u>\$ 8,275,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,341,161</u>	<u>\$ 17,616,161</u>

The annual debt service requirements on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds are not currently determinable since they are payable only from available Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

Authorized Debt

On November 4, 2014, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$234,000,000. The District's Service Plan limits the amount of debt issuance to \$18,000,000. At December 31, 2019, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount Authorized on November 4, 2014	Authorization Used for 2018A Bonds	Authorization Used for 2018B Bonds	Authorized But Unissued
Water	\$ 18,000,000	\$ (14,853)	\$ (2,145)	\$ 17,983,002
Sanitation/Stormwater	18,000,000	(5,058,944)	(730,567)	12,210,489
Streets	18,000,000	(2,033,663)	(293,683)	15,672,654
Parks and Recreation	18,000,000	(530,468)	(76,605)	17,392,927
Public Transportation	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Fire Protection	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Mosquito Control	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Safety Protection	18,000,000	(637,072)	(92,000)	17,270,928
Security	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
TV Relay and Translation	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Operation and Maintenance	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Debt Refunding	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Intergovernmental Agreements	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000
Total	<u>\$ 234,000,000</u>	<u>\$ (8,275,000)</u>	<u>\$ (1,195,000)</u>	<u>\$ 224,530,000</u>

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted. The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2019, as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 100
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 100

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. The deficit was a result of the operating expenses paid by advances from the Developer, as well as costs of issuing and interest paid to date on the Bonds.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Operation Funding Agreement

Effective as of December 15, 2014, and amended most recently on February 26, 2020, the District entered into a 2014-2015 Operation Funding Agreement, as amended (the OFA), with Choke Cherry Investors, LLC (the Developer) whereby the Developer agreed to advance funds to the District for the payment of operation and maintenance expenses, up to a stated "Shortfall Amount" of \$352,000, on a periodic basis as needed for the fiscal years 2014-2020 (Operations Advances).

The OFA states that it is the District's intent to repay Operations Advances to the Developer, to the extent it has funds available from the imposition of its taxes, fees, rates, tolls, penalties and charges, and from any other revenue legally available, after the payment of its annual debt service obligations and annual operations and maintenance expenses, which repayment is subject to annual budget and appropriation. Simple interest accrues on Operations Advances at the rate of the current Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index plus 4% per annum, however, in no event is such interest to exceed 8.0% per annum. The District's obligation to reimburse Operations Advances does not constitute a multiple fiscal year financial obligation, and the making of any reimbursement thereof is subject to annual appropriation by the District in its absolute discretion.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operation Funding Agreement (Continued)

District payments to the Developer are to occur on December 2 of each year and be (a) applied first to accrued and unpaid interest; and then (b) to the principal amount due. The term of the OFA expires on December 31, 2020, unless terminated earlier by the mutual agreement of the District and the Developer. Any obligation of Developer to advance funds will expire upon advance to the District of amounts sufficient to pay expenses incurred in 2014 through 2020, not to exceed the Shortfall Amount. Any obligation of District to reimburse the Developer expires on December 31, 2049. In the event the District has not reimbursed the Developer for any Operations Advances on or before December 31, 2049, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding on such date is deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full.

As of December 31, 2019, \$285,043 had been advanced under the OFA. Accrued interest totaled \$29,114 as of December 31, 2019.

Facilities Acquisition Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into a Facilities Acquisition Agreement (the FAA), with an effective date of August 4, 2016, setting forth the rights, obligations and procedures with respect to the District's acquisition of Developer – Constructed Improvements and reimbursement of the Developer as provided.

The District acknowledges in the FAA that the Developer has incurred expenses for the organization of the District (Organization Expenses) and the District is authorized to reimburse the Developer for the Organization Expenses. Upon verification of the Organization Expenses and subject to receipt of funding pursuant to section 7 of the FAA, the District shall reimburse the Developer the amount of the Organization Expenses that have been verified by the District's accountant and approved by the District's Board of Directors, plus amounts, if any, advanced to the District by the Developer to pay the costs incurred for such review, verification, and approval.

Subject to receipt of funding as set forth in Section 7 of the FAA, the District agrees to reimburse the Developer for Certified Construction Costs and Organization Expenses up to a maximum amount of \$16,000,000, together with accrued interest thereon. Organization Costs and Certified Construction Costs incurred prior to the District's date of organization on December 15, 2014 (Organization Date) accrue interest from the Organization Date, and Certified Construction Costs incurred after the Organization Date accrue interest from the date such costs are incurred by the Developer. Simple interest accrues on Organization Costs and Certified Construction Costs at the rate of the current Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index plus 4% per annum, however, in no event is such interest to exceed 8.0% per annum.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Facilities Acquisition Agreement (Continued)

The FAA does not constitute a debt or indebtedness of the District within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision, nor does it constitute a multiple fiscal year financial obligation, and the making of any reimbursement thereunder will be at all times subject to annual appropriation by the District.

As of December 31, 2019, \$8,950,132 had been advanced under the FAA. Accrued interest totaled \$754,428 as of December 31, 2019.

On August 4, 2016, the Developer, as Assignor and TREZ Capital (2015) Corporation or its Nominee, as Assignee, entered into a Collateral Assignment of Right to Reimbursement under the Facilities Acquisition Agreement (Assignment). Concurrently with the Assignment, Assignee made a loan to Assignor, evidenced by a certain Loan Agreement and such other documents evidencing Assignor's obligations to Assignee/Lender with respect to the Loan (Loan Documents). All amounts owing or to be owed from time to time under the Loan Documents, together with all other obligations of Assignor in respect thereof, are referred to as the "Indebtedness". The Assignment secures: i) the Indebtedness, ii) all other liabilities (primary, secondary, direct, contingent, sole, joint or several) due or to become due by Assignor to the Assignee/Lender arising out of or related to the Loan; and iii) performance by Assignor of all provisions set forth in the Assignment.

Clubhouse Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement

On November 19, 2019, the District entered into a Clubhouse Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement with the Developer, Cielo Metropolitan District (Cielo) and Forestar (USA) Real Estate Group Inc. (Clubhouse Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement). The Clubhouse Funding, Construction and Operations Agreements sets forth the rights, obligations, and procedures for the construction of a public clubhouse, swimming pool, and related public improvements (Clubhouse Improvements), and the cost sharing agreement related to operation and maintenance of the Clubhouse Improvements. Pursuant to the Clubhouse Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement, the Developer will construct or cause construction of the Clubhouse Improvements and the District will acquire the Clubhouse Improvements and operate and maintain same. The Clubhouse Operation and Maintenance Costs (as defined in the Clubhouse Funding, Construction and Operations Agreement) shall be allocated among the District and Cielo in proportion to the benefits such Clubhouse Improvements will provide to each district, which the districts hereby acknowledge and agree to be calculated by dividing the number of residential units within the boundaries of each respective district.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

District Fee Resolution

The District adopted Resolution No. 2017-11-05; Resolution Regarding the Imposition of District Fees, as amended and restated by Resolution No. 2019-02-01 Amended and Restated Resolution Regarding the Imposition of District Fees (Fee Resolution). Pursuant to the Fee Resolution, the District imposed an Operations and Maintenance Fee (O&M Fee) and an Administrative Fee on each lot and/or single-family residential dwelling unit within the District boundaries. The O&M Fee is imposed upon sale of a vacant lot to a homebuilder, as follows: a) from the date of sale of a vacant lot and through February 27, 2019, in the amount of \$20 per month per vacant lot, payable quarterly (\$60 per quarter; \$240 per year); b) upon substantial completion of two neighborhood parks, as determined by the District Engineer, \$40 per month per lot, payable quarterly (\$120 per quarter; \$480 per year); and c) upon substantial completion of two neighborhood parks, the clubhouse, the fitness center, and the swimming pool, as determined by the District Engineer, \$60 per month per lot, payable quarterly (\$180 per quarter; \$720 per year). The O&M Fee is imposed upon the sale of a lot to an owner other than a homebuilder constructing the initial Residential Unit in the amount of \$70 per month per lot, payable quarterly (\$210 per quarter; \$840 per year). The Administrative Fee shall be paid by each buyer of a Residential Unit (other than the builder constructing the initial Residential Unit) upon the conveyance or refinance of such Residential Unit as follows: a) the Administrative Fee shall be \$100 per initial sale of a Residential Unit from a homebuilder to an owner; b) the Administrative Fee shall be \$100 per sale of a Residential Unit from one owner to another owner; c) the Administrative Fee shall be due and payable at the time of any sale, transfer, or re-sale of any Residential Unit constructed on a lot with a certificate of occupancy. The District reserves the right to amend the Fee Resolution in the future to increase or decrease the amount of the O&M Fee and/or the Administrative Fee (collectively referred to as the "Fees"). The Fees shall not be imposed on real property actually conveyed or dedicated to non-profit owners' associations, governmental entities or utility providers.

Resolution Concerning Use of District Recreational Facilities by Outside Users – 2019 Season

The District adopted Resolution No. 2019-07-02; Resolution Concerning Use of District Facilities by Outside Users – 2019 Season, pursuant to which the District limited the number of memberships of outside users, which is defined as a non-resident of, or non-property owner of property within the District, to twenty households on a first-come, first-served basis, and imposed an annual membership fee for outside users in the amount of \$950 for 2019.

Subdivision Improvement Agreement

On March 11, 2015, the Developer and the Board of County Commissioners of Douglas County (BOCC) entered into a Subdivision Improvement Agreement (SIA) to provide for the terms and conditions under which the Developer agreed to construct and complete, at the Developer's expense, the Subdivision Improvements (as defined in the SIA) in accordance with the Plans (as defined in the SIA). On September 22, 2017, pursuant to an Assignment of SIA and Development Rights, the Developer assigned all of its rights and obligations under the SIA to the District.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Offsite Improvements Agreement (Stone Creek Ranch Filing No. 1)

On March 6, 2018, the District, the Developer, Richmond American Homes of Colorado, Inc. (Richmond), Taylor Morrison of Colorado, Inc. (Taylor Morrison), KB Home Colorado, Inc. (KB, and collectively with Richmond and Taylor Morrison, the Builders) and First American Title Insurance Company (Title Company) entered into an Offsite Improvements Agreement (Stone Creek Ranch Filing No. 1) (Offsite Improvements Agreement). Concurrently with the execution of the Offsite Improvements Agreement, Richmond, Taylor Morrison and KB, each respectively entered into separate Agreements for Sale and Purchase of Real Estate with the Developer to purchase certain lots (Lots) within the District boundaries (collectively referred to as the "Sale Agreements"). For purposes of the Offsite Improvements Agreement, all tracts, public streets, private streets and other property or property rights required with respect to the Improvements necessary for the Builders to obtain building permits and certificates of occupancy for the Units constructed on the Lots are defined as the "Project". Developer, pursuant to the Sale Agreements, agreed to cause the construction and completion of all improvements necessary for the issuance of building permits, and following construction of Units (as defined in the Offsite Improvements Agreement) on the Lots, certificates of occupancy, with each Builder paying specific costs towards same as such costs are set forth in the Offsite Improvements Agreement and with Developer being responsible for all additional costs and charges related thereto. The Builders and Developer agreed to engage the District to complete certain improvements at the Project that are deemed "public" improvements as approved by the third-party District engineer for qualified reimbursements (collectively, the "District Improvements") upon the terms set forth in the Offsite Improvements Agreement. The District agreed to engage the Developer to manage the construction of the District Improvements pursuant to a Construction Management Agreement dated February 14, 2018 (the "Construction Management Agreement"). The Builders agreed to engage the Developer to complete the remainder of the improvements at the Project that are not District Improvements (the "Developer Improvements") upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Offsite Improvements Agreement that are otherwise applicable to the completion of and payment for the District Improvements. On September 19, 2018, the parties entered into a First Amendment to Offsite Improvement Agreement to address the disbursement of certain funds and to clarify certain items set forth in the Offsite Improvement Agreement.

Developer Escrow Agreement

On March 6, 2018, the District, the Developer, Richmond, Taylor Morrison, KB and Title Company entered into a Developer Escrow Agreement (Developer Escrow Agreement). Pursuant to the Developer Escrow Agreement, as District Improvements are completed, the District shall requisition funds from the proceeds of the Bonds and use such funds to reimburse the Developer for any public improvements paid for by the Builders pursuant to the terms of the FAA. The Developer Escrow Agreement sets forth the parameters under which Title Company shall hold and administer the Escrowed Funds (as defined in the Developer Escrow Agreement) in an account set forth in the Developer Escrow Agreement to pay for any Cost Overruns associated with the District Improvements, Developer Improvements or the Builder Improvements, as more particularly set forth in the Developer Escrow Agreement.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Amenity Center Escrow Agreement

On March 6, 2018, the District, the Developer, Richmond, Taylor Morrison, KB and the Title Company entered into an Amenity Center Escrow Agreement (ACEA). The ACEA sets forth the terms under which a portion of the Bond Proceeds will fund certain escrows for the benefit of the property within the District boundaries and the Builders, including payment of the costs to build the Amenity Center. The Title Company shall hold and administer the Escrowed Funds (as defined in the ACEA) to pay the costs of constructing the Amenity Center, as more particularly set forth in the ACEA.

Stipulated Sum Price Agreement (Stone Creek Ranch)

On March 6, 2018, the District, Hudick Excavating, Inc. d/b/a HEI Civil (the “Contractor”), the Developer and Atwell, LLC (the “Engineer”) entered into a Stipulated Sum Price Agreement to set forth the terms under which Contractor will perform and be compensated for completion of the Work (as defined in the Stipulated Sum Price Agreement).

Conditional Non-Exclusive Assignment of Plans and Contracts

On March 6, 2018, the Developer, the District, KB, Taylor Morrison and Richmond entered into a Conditional Non-Exclusive Assignment of Plans and Contracts (Conditional Assignment) under which the Developer and the District agreed to conditionally assign, on a non-exclusive basis, and to the extent allowable by law, all of their respective rights, title and interest under the Stipulated Sum Price Agreement. The Developer further agreed to conditionally assign, on a non-exclusive basis, and to the extent allowable by law, all of its respective rights, title and interest under the Engineer Contract (as defined in the Conditional Assignment), the ACEA, the Landscaping Contract (as defined in the Conditional Assignment) and the Fencing Contract (as defined in the Conditional Assignment). Such assignments shall not be effective unless and until an Assignment Event (as defined in the Conditional Assignment) has occurred.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

Certain members of the Board of Directors of the District are officers or employees of or related to the Developer or an entity affiliated with the Developer or the majority owner of the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

The Homebuilders of the property are Richmond American Homes of Colorado, Inc., KB Home Colorado, Inc. and Taylor Morrison of Colorado, Inc. Certain members of the Board of Directors are officers or employees of or related to the Homebuilders, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

At December 31, 2019, the District determined its required emergency reserve to be approximately \$100.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 3,214	\$ 3,214	\$ -
Specific Ownership Taxes	321	323	2
Net Investment Income	23,000	31,822	8,822
Total Revenues	<u>26,535</u>	<u>35,359</u>	<u>8,824</u>
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fee	50	49	1
Paying Agent Fee	8,000	6,000	2,000
Bond Interest	465,469	465,469	-
Total Expenditures	<u>473,519</u>	<u>471,518</u>	<u>2,001</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(446,984)	(436,159)	10,825
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>1,794,483</u>	<u>1,789,489</u>	<u>(4,994)</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,347,499</u>	<u>\$ 1,353,330</u>	<u>\$ 5,831</u>

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Net Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ 4
Total Revenues	-	4	4
EXPENDITURES			
General and Administration			
Construction Oversight/ Administration	45,000	49,248	(4,248)
Legal	-	1,192	(1,192)
Capital Outlay			
Public Improvements	9,623,041	-	9,623,041
Parks and Recreation	-	244,488	(244,488)
Sanitary Sewer	-	84,115	(84,115)
Streets	-	1,020,871	(1,020,871)
Stormwater	-	165,013	(165,013)
Water	-	107,211	(107,211)
Total Expenditures	<u>9,668,041</u>	<u>1,672,138</u>	<u>7,995,903</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(9,668,041)	(1,672,134)	7,995,907
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advances	-	42,517	42,517
Developer Advances - Certified Costs	9,668,041	1,621,698	(8,046,343)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>9,668,041</u>	<u>1,664,215</u>	<u>(8,003,826)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(7,919)	(7,919)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	(5,748)	(5,748)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (13,667)</u>	<u>\$ (13,667)</u>

OTHER INFORMATION

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

\$8,275,000 General Obligation Bonds,
Limited Tax
Series 2018A
Interest Rate 5.625%
Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ -	\$ 465,469	\$ 465,469
2021	-	465,469	465,469
2022	10,000	465,469	475,469
2023	95,000	464,906	559,906
2024	110,000	459,563	569,563
2025	115,000	453,375	568,375
2026	135,000	446,906	581,906
2027	140,000	439,313	579,313
2028	160,000	431,438	591,438
2029	170,000	422,438	592,438
2030	195,000	412,875	607,875
2031	205,000	401,906	606,906
2032	225,000	390,375	615,375
2033	240,000	377,719	617,719
2034	265,000	364,219	629,219
2035	280,000	349,313	629,313
2036	310,000	333,563	643,563
2037	325,000	316,125	641,125
2038	360,000	297,844	657,844
2039	380,000	277,594	657,594
2040	410,000	256,219	666,219
2041	435,000	233,156	668,156
2042	475,000	208,688	683,688
2043	500,000	181,969	681,969
2044	540,000	153,844	693,844
2045	570,000	123,469	693,469
2046	620,000	91,406	711,406
2047	1,005,000	56,531	1,061,531
Total	<u>\$ 8,275,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,341,161</u>	<u>\$ 17,616,161</u>

**STONE CREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
		General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2016	\$ 63,700	50.000	0.000	\$ 3,185	\$ 3,185	100.00 %
2017	63,700	10.000	50.000	3,822	3,822	100.00
2018	70,780	10.000	55.277	4,621	4,620	99.98
2019	58,150	11.055	55.277	3,857	3,857	100.00
Estimated for Year Ending December 31, 2020	\$ 5,215,040	11.132	55.664	\$ 348,344		

Note:

Property taxes shown as collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes or abatements of property taxes assessed in prior years. This presentation does not attempt to identify specific years of assessment.